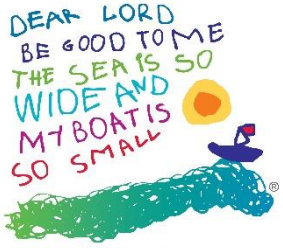
The State of America's Children® 2017

STATE FACTSHEETS

One-Page Summaries of How Children Are Doing in Each State, the District of Columbia and Nationwide



Children's Defense Fund

CDF's Mission

The Children's Defense Fund's Leave No Child Behind® mission is to ensure every child a *Healthy Start*, a *Head Start*, a *Fair Start*, a *Safe Start* and a *Moral Start* in life and successful passage to adulthood with the help of caring families and communities.

CDF provides a strong, effective and independent voice for *all* the children of America who cannot vote, lobby or speak for themselves. We pay particular attention to the needs of poor children, children of color and those with disabilities. CDF educates the nation about the needs of children and encourages preventive investments before they get sick, drop out of school, get into trouble or suffer family breakdown.

CDF began in 1973 and is a private, nonprofit organization supported by individual donations, foundation, corporate and government grants.

A Note about Using *The State of America's Children*® 2017

At the Children's Defense Fund, we recognize there is so much work to do across different policy areas and states to end child poverty and ensure all of America's children an equal and equitable start in life. To make progress and evaluate our progress in the future, it is helpful to know where we currently stand. Together, *The State of America's Children*® 2017 and corresponding state factsheets provide a comprehensive overview of how America's children are doing nationally and inform conversations about how we can do better.

- *The State of America's Children*® 2017 summarizes the status of America's children in 11 areas: child population, child poverty, income and wealth inequality, housing and homelessness, child hunger and nutrition, child health, early childhood, education, child welfare, juvenile justice and gun violence. For each area, we compiled the most recent, available national and state-level data. This report includes our key findings as well as data tables, which are useful for comparing different states.

- Using data from the tables in the report, *The State of America's Children*® 2017 State Factsheets provide one-page summaries of how children are doing in each of the 50 states, the District of Columbia and nationwide.

Whether you describe yourself as a teacher, child advocate, policymaker, policy wonk, college professor, faith leader, parent or grandparent, a millennial eager to make life better for your younger siblings, or a member of the media, we ask you to use *The State of America's Children*® 2017 and corresponding factsheets, combined where possible with stories of real children, to inform your conversations and effectively make the case for policies, programs and strategies for improving the odds for children in your states and nationwide. We must keep moving forward.

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The State of America's Children® in the

UNITED STATES

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **73.6 million** children lived in the U.S. in 2016.
- **49 percent** were children of color: 14 percent were Black; 25 percent were Hispanic; 5 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **18 percent** of the U.S.'s children were poor in 2016–a total of **13.2 million** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **31 percent** of Black, **27 percent** of Hispanic and **11 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **20 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$80,800** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$35,900** for Black and **$41,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **1.3 million** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.9 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2017.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **26 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **3.9 million** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **46 million** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **32 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **82 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **75 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **23 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **676,537** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **433,201** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **48,043** children were in residential placement in 2015. **42 percent** were Black; **22 percent** were Hispanic; and **31 percent** were White.
- **993** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **7,768** children and teens (3.2 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

ALABAMA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,096,823** children lived in Alabama in 2016.
- **42 percent** were children of color: 29 percent were Black; 7 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **25 percent** of Alabama's children were poor in 2016–a total of **265,901** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **41 percent** of Black, **39 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **12 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **27 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$67,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$28,400** for Black and **$29,300** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **19,373** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **24 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **36 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **34 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **26,732** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **797,572** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and All Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$5,644** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **19 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **84 percent** of Hispanic and **63 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **88 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **67 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **87 percent** of Black, **90 percent** of Hispanic and **91 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **29 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **8,466** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **5,053** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **849** children were in residential placement in 2015. **60 percent** were Black; **3 percent** were Hispanic; and **35 percent** were White.
- **14** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **65** children and teens (5.3 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

ALASKA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **187,327** children lived in Alaska in 2016.
- **50 percent** were children of color: 3 percent were Black; 9 percent were Hispanic; 6 percent were Asian; and 18 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Alaska's children were poor in 2016–a total of **25,938** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **33 percent** of American Indian/Alaska Native, **24 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **15 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$91,300** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$56,400** for Black and **$59,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **4,018** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.5 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **20 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **26 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **18 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **90 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **18,594** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **106,306** children 0-18 were enrolled in Denali KidCare (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,700** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **3 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **75 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **86 percent** of Black, **69 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **71 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **80 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **14 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **2,898** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **2,820** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **207** children were in residential placement in 2015. **14 percent** were Black; **1 percent** were Hispanic; and **38 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **26** children and teens (12.7 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

ARIZONA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,631,492** children lived in Arizona in 2016.
- **60 percent** were children of color: 5 percent were Black; 44 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and 5 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **24 percent** of Arizona's children were poor in 2016–a total of **378,800** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **31 percent** of Black, **32 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White children were poor.
- **11 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **24 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$75,000** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$50,200** for Black and **$37,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **28,393** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.8 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **24 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **28 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **88 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **119,446** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **992,571** children 0-18 were enrolled in Arizona Healthcare Cost Containment System (Medicaid) & KidsCare (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,993** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **4 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **73 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **53 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **73 percent** of Black, **73 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **15 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **11,955** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **17,118** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **717** children were in residential placement in 2015. **16 percent** were Black; **36 percent** were Hispanic; and **33 percent** were White.
- **81** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **59** children and teens (3.3 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

ARKANSAS

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **705,053** children lived in Arkansas in 2016.
- **36 percent** were children of color: 18 percent were Black; 12 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **24 percent** of Arkansas's children were poor in 2016–a total of **165,100** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **40 percent** of Black, **34 percent** of Hispanic and **17 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **27 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$61,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$27,000** for Black and **$35,500** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **10,756** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.6 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **25 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **27 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **88 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **25,543** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **533,192** children 0-18 were enrolled in ARKids First (Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Programs).

Early Childhood

- **$6,074** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **32 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **63 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **92 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **67 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **78 percent** of Black, **85 percent** of Hispanic and **87 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **26 percent** of Black, **9 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **9,204** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,880** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **555** children were in residential placement in 2015. **57 percent** were Black; **6 percent** were Hispanic; and **36 percent** were White.
- **15** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **36** children and teens (4.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

CALIFORNIA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **9,092,863** children lived in California in 2016.
- **74 percent** were children of color: 5 percent were Black; 52 percent were Hispanic; 11 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **20 percent** of California's children were poor in 2016–a total of **1,785,347** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **30 percent** of Black, **27 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **21 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$101,300** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$44,900** for Black and **$43,500** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **235,983** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.9 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **21 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **24 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **83 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **267,815** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **6,945,825** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medi-Cal (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$13,343** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **35 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **86 percent** of Black, **84 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **71 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **20 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **72,000** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **54,685** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **6,726** children were in residential placement in 2015. **28 percent** were Black; **55 percent** were Hispanic; and **13 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **257** children and teens (2.5 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

COLORADO

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,261,372** children lived in Colorado in 2016.
- **43 percent** were children of color: 4 percent were Black; 31 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **13 percent** of Colorado's children were poor in 2016–a total of **166,204** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **25 percent** of Black, **23 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **5 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **14 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$92,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$47,400** for Black and **$43,700** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **24,146** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.4 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **18 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **92 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **50,649** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **673,998** children 0-18 were enrolled in Health First Colorado (Medicaid) and Child Health Plan Plus (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$14,950** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **23 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **73 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **49 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **50 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **70 percent** of Black, **68 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **16 percent** of Black, **12 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **10,100** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **5,733** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **999** children were in residential placement in 2015. **21 percent** were Black; **39 percent** were Hispanic; and **36 percent** were White.
- **2** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **51** children and teens (3.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

CONNECTICUT

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **753,294** children lived in Connecticut in 2016.
- **44 percent** were children of color: 11 percent were Black; 23 percent were Hispanic; 5 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **13 percent** of Connecticut's children were poor in 2016–a total of **95,597** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **23 percent** of Black, **25 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **15 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$115,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$40,700** for Black and **$39,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,192** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.4 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **30 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **19 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **78 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **20,867** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **371,484** children 0-18 were enrolled in HUSKY A (Medicaid) and HUSKY B (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$14,079** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **24 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **44 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **47 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **78 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **93 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **17 percent** of Black, **13 percent** of Hispanic and **3 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **6,970** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,119** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **141** children were in residential placement in 2015. **47 percent** were Black; **26 percent** were Hispanic; and **23 percent** were White.
- **84** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **13** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

DELAWARE

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **204,274** children lived in Delaware in 2016.
- **50 percent** were children of color: 25 percent were Black; 16 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **17 percent** of Delaware's children were poor in 2016–a total of **35,002** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **29 percent** of Black, **34 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **19 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$78,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$47,200** for Black and **$40,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,098** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.6 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **31 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **6,243** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **126,361** children 0-18 were enrolled in Delaware Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) & Healthy Children (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$10,396** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **7 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **79 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **49 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **83 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **26 percent** of Black, **15 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,538** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **780** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **162** children were in residential placement in 2015. **80 percent** were Black; **7 percent** were Hispanic; and **13 percent** were White.
- **8** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in the

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **120,893** children lived in D.C. in 2016.
- **78 percent** were children of color: 55 percent were Black; 16 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **26 percent** of D.C.'s children were poor in 2016–a total of **30,551** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **39 percent** of Black, **23 percent** of Hispanic and **1 percent** of White children were poor.
- **16 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **20 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$206,700** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$32,900** for Black and **$56,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,551** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.7 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **24 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **40 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **54 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **3,741** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **95,532** children 0-18 were enrolled in Healthy Families (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$22,658** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **81 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **82 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **19 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **88 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **24 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **67 percent** of Black, **68 percent** of Hispanic and **86 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **27 percent** of Black, **12 percent** of Hispanic and **2 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,348** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **826** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **105** children were in residential placement in 2015. **97 percent** were Black.

Gun Violence

- **12** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

FLORIDA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **4,146,712** children lived in Florida in 2016.
- **57 percent** were children of color: 20 percent were Black; 31 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **21 percent** of Florida's children were poor in 2016–a total of **858,711** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **33 percent** of Black, **25 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White children were poor.
- **9 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **23 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$70,300** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$36,600** for Black and **$41,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **73,117** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.6 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **37 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **33 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **84 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **256,747** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **2,773,238** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and Kid Care (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$8,719** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **76 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **80 percent** of Black, **66 percent** of Hispanic and **51 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **74 percent** of Hispanic and **60 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **68 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **31 percent** of Black, **19 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **43,775** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **23,810** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **2,853** children were in residential placement in 2015. **62 percent** were Black; **9 percent** were Hispanic; and **29 percent** were White.
- **131** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **156** children and teens (3.4 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

GEORGIA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **2,511,544** children lived in Georgia in 2016.
- **56 percent** were children of color: 34 percent were Black; 14 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **23 percent** of Georgia's children were poor in 2016–a total of **566,005** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **32 percent** of Black, **34 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **26 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$76,400** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$37,300** for Black and **$34,700** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **37,791** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.3 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **32 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **31 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **162,772** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,580,701** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and PeachCare for Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$7,597** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **60 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **78 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **75 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **21 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **26,952** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **12,381** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,110** children were in residential placement in 2015. **74 percent** were Black; **5 percent** were Hispanic; and **18 percent** were White.
- **80** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **135** children and teens (4.8 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

HAWAII

2017 Factsheet

DEAR LORD BE GOOD TO ME THE SEA IS SO WIDE AND MY BOAT IS SO SMALL

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **308,016** children lived in Hawaii in 2016.
- **86 percent** were children of color: 2 percent were Black; 18 percent were Hispanic; 24 percent were Asian; and 11 percent were Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander.

Child Poverty

- **10 percent** of Hawaii's children were poor in 2016–a total of **30,507** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **14 percent** of Asian/Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White children were poor.
- **5 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **11 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$82,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$78,600** for Black and **$56,600** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,526** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **3.8 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **20 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **26 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **23 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **90 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **6,897** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **175,232** children 0-18 were enrolled in Med-QUEST (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$13,584** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **2 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **75 percent** of Hispanic and **52 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **74 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **74 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **79 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **3 percent** of Black, **3 percent** of Hispanic and **2 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,506** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,605** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **51** children were in residential placement in 2015. **6 percent** were Hispanic and **18 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

IDAHO

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **437,173** children lived in Idaho in 2016.
- **25 percent** were children of color: 1 percent were Black; 18 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **18 percent** of Idaho's children were poor in 2016–a total of **76,266** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **27 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **21 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$61,600** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$42,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **7,162** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **26 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **21 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **80 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **20,483** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **244,783** children 0-18 were enrolled in Idaho Medicaid Program and Idaho Health Plan (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$7,385** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **83 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **75 percent** of Black, **71 percent** of Hispanic and **81 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **9 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,623** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,518** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **393** children were in residential placement in 2015. **2 percent** were Black; **23 percent** were Hispanic; and **70 percent** were White.
- **1** child was in an adult jail or prison in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **15** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

ILLINOIS

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **2,926,109** children lived in Illinois in 2016.
- **48 percent** were children of color: 15 percent were Black; 25 percent were Hispanic; 5 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **18 percent** of Illinois's children were poor in 2016–a total of **511,679** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **38 percent** of Black, **24 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **19 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$90,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$32,200** for Black and **$46,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **52,333** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.5 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **27 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **89 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **71,319** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,814,552** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) and All Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$13,176** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **26 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **87 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **76 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **90 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **25 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **29,993** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **16,113** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,524** children were in residential placement in 2015. **63 percent** were Black; **14 percent** were Hispanic; and **21 percent** were White.
- **20** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **142** children and teens (4.3 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

INDIANA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,575,452** children lived in Indiana in 2016.
- **28 percent** were children of color: 11 percent were Black; 11 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **20 percent** of Indiana's children were poor in 2016–a total of **301,156** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **42 percent** of Black, **31 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **9 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **21 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$67,900** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$29,100** for Black and **$36,900** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **19,205** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.1 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **23 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **92,150** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **814,929** children 0-18 were enrolled in Indiana Medicaid and Hoosier Healthwise (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$8,929** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **2 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **78 percent** of Black, **71 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **75 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **90 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **28 percent** of Black, **13 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **26,397** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **19,837** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,563** children were in residential placement in 2015. **36 percent** were Black; **7 percent** were Hispanic; and **53 percent** were White.
- **34** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **81** children and teens (4.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

IOWA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **730,731** children lived in Iowa in 2016.
- **22 percent** were children of color: 5 percent were Black; 10 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **15 percent** of Iowa's children were poor in 2016–a total of **105,032** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **48 percent** of Black, **30 percent** of Hispanic and **11 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **18 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$74,100** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$26,900** for Black and **$33,800** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **6,936** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **30 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **22 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **89 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **18,442** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **426,599** children 0-18 were enrolled in Iowa Medicaid Enterprise (Medicaid) and Hawk-I (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$10,015** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **64 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **86 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **87 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **79 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **92 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **25 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **4 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **7,877** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **6,004** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **675** children were in residential placement in 2015. **29 percent** were Black; **9 percent** were Hispanic; and **56 percent** were White.
- **5** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **24** children and teens (2.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

KANSAS

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **714,951** children lived in Kansas in 2016.
- **33 percent** were children of color: 6 percent were Black; 18 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Kansas's children were poor in 2016–a total of **99,323** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **32 percent** of Black, **21 percent** of Hispanic and **11 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **15 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$76,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$40,500** for Black and **$38,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **9,715** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **17 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **30,912** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **362,401** children 0-18 were enrolled in KanCare (Medicaid) and HealthWave (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,482** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **20 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **86 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **79 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **19 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,992** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **7,302** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **564** children were in residential placement in 2015. **33 percent** were Black; **19 percent** were Hispanic; and **46 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **22** children and teens (2.7 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

KENTUCKY

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,010,629** children lived in Kentucky in 2016.
- **21 percent** were children of color: 9 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **25 percent** of Kentucky's children were poor in 2016–a total of **247,780** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **45 percent** of Black, **40 percent** of Hispanic and **22 percent** of White children were poor.
- **12 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **27 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$58,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$28,200** for Black and **$34,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **27,836** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.9 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **20 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **29 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **92 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **31,995** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **630,464** children 0-18 were enrolled in Kentucky Medicaid and KCHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$7,800** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **26 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **77 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **69 percent** of Hispanic and **61 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **22 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **18,897** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **7,812** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **510** children were in residential placement in 2015. **34 percent** were Black; **2 percent** were Hispanic; and **56 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **49** children and teens (4.4 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

LOUISIANA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,113,949** children lived in Louisiana in 2016.
- **49 percent** were children of color: 37 percent were Black; 7 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **29 percent** of Louisiana's children were poor in 2016–a total of **313,926** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **49 percent** of Black, **28 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **13 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **30 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$78,400** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$25,300** for Black and **$40,500** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **20,277** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **35 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **33,626** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **884,736** children 0-18 were enrolled in Bayou Health (Medicaid) and LaCHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$5,754** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **32 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Black, **70 percent** of Hispanic and **63 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **88 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **68 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **71 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **20 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **12,631** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,461** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **831** children were in residential placement in 2015. **80 percent** were Black; **1 percent** were Hispanic; and **17 percent** were White.
- **11** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **92** children and teens (7.5 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MAINE

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **254,714** children lived in Maine in 2016.
- **11 percent** were children of color: 3 percent were Black; 3 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **17 percent** of Maine's children were poor in 2016–a total of **42,753** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **64 percent** of Black, **24 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **20 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$61,500** was the median income for White families with children in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **1,934** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **21 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **28 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **26 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **74 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **11,619** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **175,883** children 0-18 were enrolled in MaineCare, Maine's Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Programs.

Early Childhood

- **$9,677** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **40 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **86 percent** of Black and **64 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black and **64 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **12 percent** of Black, **7 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **3,372** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,837** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **81** children were in residential placement in 2015. **15 percent** were Black and **78 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MARYLAND

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,348,728** children lived in Maryland in 2016.
- **57 percent** were children of color: 31 percent were Black; 15 percent were Hispanic; 6 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **13 percent** of Maryland's children were poor in 2016–a total of **168,811** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **19 percent** of Black, **16 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **14 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$111,700** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$62,200** for Black and **$53,300** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **16,096** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **3.1 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **16 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **23 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **78 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **44,955** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **669,378** children 0-18 were enrolled in Maryland Children's Health Program (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$14,726** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **36 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **82 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **49 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **73 percent** of Hispanic and **50 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **92 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **15 percent** of Black, **7 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **6,790** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **3,841** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **612** children were in residential placement in 2015. **79 percent** were Black; **6 percent** were Hispanic; and **14 percent** were White.
- **4** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **43** children and teens (2.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MASSACHUSETTS

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **1,378,102** children lived in Massachusetts in 2016.
- **37 percent** were children of color: 9 percent were Black; 18 percent were Hispanic; 7 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Massachusetts's children were poor in 2016–a total of **184,743** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **29 percent** of Black, **33 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **16 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$110,800** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$41,100** for Black and **$31,800** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **19,353** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.5 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **14 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **18 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **83 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **12,709** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **770,441** children 0-18 were enrolled in MassHealth, Massachusetts's Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Programs.

Early Childhood

- **$17,082** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **8 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **75 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **42 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **47 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **78 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **92 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **16 percent** of Black, **14 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **31,089** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **10,910** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **426** children were in residential placement in 2015. **30 percent** were Black; **41 percent** were Hispanic; and **23 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **15** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MICHIGAN

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **2,191,057** children lived in Michigan in 2016.
- **33 percent** were children of color: 16 percent were Black; 8 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **21 percent** of Michigan's children were poor in 2016–a total of **445,803** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **42 percent** of Black, **30 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **9 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **24 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$71,600** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$27,200** for Black and **$39,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **40,861** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.8 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **32 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **25 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **89 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **63,236** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,285,914** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and MIChild (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$10,178** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **34 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **91 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **68 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **91 percent** of Black, **69 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **67 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **84 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **28 percent** of Black, **13 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **34,729** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **11,599** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,554** children were in residential placement in 2015. **47 percent** were Black; **6 percent** were Hispanic; and **40 percent** were White.
- **88** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **88** children and teens (3.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MINNESOTA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,288,333** children lived in Minnesota in 2016.
- **30 percent** were children of color: 9 percent were Black; 9 percent were Hispanic; 6 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **13 percent** of Minnesota's children were poor in 2016–a total of **160,626** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **38 percent** of Black, **22 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **14 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$90,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$32,100** for Black and **$38,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **15,196** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **14 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **28 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **16 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **43,285** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **634,991** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medical Assistance (Medicaid) and MinnesotaCare (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$14,826** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **1 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **84 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **53 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black, **71 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **62 percent** of Black, **66 percent** of Hispanic and **87 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **19 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **4 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **5,120** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **8,793** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **852** children were in residential placement in 2015. **40 percent** were Black; **7 percent** were Hispanic; and **38 percent** were White.
- **10** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **42** children and teens (2.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MISSISSIPPI

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **721,288** children lived in Mississippi in 2016.
- **51 percent** were children of color: 42 percent were Black; 4 percent were Hispanic; <1 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **30 percent** of Mississippi's children were poor in 2016–a total of **211,466** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **46 percent** of Black, **29 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **14 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **30 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$65,300** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$25,900** for Black and **$39,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **10,309** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **26 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **37 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **36 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **93 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **32,590** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **530,617** children 0-18 were enrolled in Mississippi Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$5,045** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **4 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **86 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **92 percent** of Black and **68 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **68 percent** of Hispanic and **85 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **23 percent** of Black, **7 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **8,730** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **5,486** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **243** children were in residential placement in 2015. **77 percent** were Black and **22 percent** were White.
- **27** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **31** children and teens (3.8 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MISSOURI

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,386,863** children lived in Missouri in 2016.
- **27 percent** were children of color: 14 percent were Black; 7 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **19 percent** of Missouri's children were poor in 2016–a total of **261,353** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **37 percent** of Black, **31 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **9 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **22 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$69,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$29,600** for Black and **$41,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **30,650** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **29 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **25 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **61,873** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **680,021** children 0-18 were enrolled in MO HealthNet for Kids (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,100** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **2 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **86 percent** of Black, **71 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **76 percent** of Black, **84 percent** of Hispanic and **91 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **27 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **5,699** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **12,408** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **948** children were in residential placement in 2015. **44 percent** were Black; **3 percent** were Hispanic; and **49 percent** were White.
- **10** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **89** children and teens (5.7 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

MONTANA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **227,611** children lived in Montana in 2016.
- **22 percent** were children of color: 1 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and 10 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **15 percent** of Montana's children were poor in 2016–a total of **33,818** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **16 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **16 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$67,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$49,400** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,075** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.8 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **23 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **20 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **82 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **10,628** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **143,939** children 0-18 were enrolled in Montana Medicaid and Healthy Montana Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,383** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **71 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **78 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **7 percent** of Black, **7 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,868** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **3,366** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **171** children were in residential placement in 2015. **12 percent** were Black; **12 percent** were Hispanic; and **54 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **22** children and teens (8.7 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEBRASKA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **473,325** children lived in Nebraska in 2016.
- **31 percent** were children of color: 6 percent were Black; 17 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Nebraska's children were poor in 2016–a total of **65,847** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **35 percent** of Black, **30 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **16 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$77,100** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$32,100** for Black and **$37,400** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,317** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.7 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **29 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **17 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **93 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **23,707** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **223,881** children 0-18 were enrolled in Nebraska Medicaid and Kid's Connection (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,043** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **32 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **78 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **52 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **86 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **75 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **93 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **31 percent** of Black, **9 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **3,483** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,012** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **465** children were in residential placement in 2015. **25 percent** were Black; **23 percent** were Hispanic; and **40 percent** were White.
- **10** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **16** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEVADA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **677,427** children lived in Nevada in 2016.
- **64 percent** were children of color: 10 percent were Black; 41 percent were Hispanic; 6 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **19 percent** of Nevada's children were poor in 2016–a total of **126,874** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **31 percent** of Black, **26 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **21 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$74,700** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$33,300** for Black and **$42,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **17,178** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **22 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **26 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **89 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **45,859** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **422,600** children 0-18 were enrolled in Nevada Medicaid and Nevada Check Up (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$10,317** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **4 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **86 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **58 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **56 percent** of Black, **67 percent** of Hispanic and **78 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **20 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **4,953** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,251** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **627** children were in residential placement in 2015. **37 percent** were Black; **31 percent** were Hispanic; and **25 percent** were White.
- **9** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **29** children and teens (4 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEW HAMPSHIRE

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **260,588** children lived in New Hampshire in 2016.
- **14 percent** were children of color: 2 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **8 percent** of New Hampshire's children were poor in 2016–a total of **20,141** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **12 percent** of Black, **13 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White children were poor.
- **3 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **9 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$88,000** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$66,400** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **3,335** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **3 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **13 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **24 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **15 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **86 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **6,847** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **110,843** children 0-18 were enrolled in NH Children's Medicaid (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$12,399** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **72 percent** of Hispanic and **53 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **68 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **21 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **745** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,220** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **69** children were in residential placement in 2015. **9 percent** were Black; **9 percent** were Hispanic; and **78 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEW JERSEY

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,984,752** children lived in New Jersey in 2016.
- **53 percent** were children of color: 14 percent were Black; 26 percent were Hispanic; 10 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **15 percent** of New Jersey's children were poor in 2016–a total of **285,479** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **23 percent** of Black, **26 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **16 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$117,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$47,900** for Black and **$43,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **10,150** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **3.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **15 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **32 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **19 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **82 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **70,039** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **982,304** children 0-18 were enrolled in NJ Medicaid and NJ Family Care (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,548** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **29 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **78 percent** of Black, **73 percent** of Hispanic and **46 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **52 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **94 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **18 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **9,689** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **6,527** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **636** children were in residential placement in 2015. **72 percent** were Black; **18 percent** were Hispanic; and **8 percent** were White.
- **5** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **31** children and teens (1.4 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEW MEXICO

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **490,663** children lived in New Mexico in 2016.
- **76 percent** were children of color: 2 percent were Black; 60 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and 10 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **30 percent** of New Mexico's children were poor in 2016–a total of **145,284** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **23 percent** of Black, **35 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **13 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **36 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$73,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$41,100** for Black and **$38,700** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **10,279** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.1 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **25 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **25 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **39 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **66 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **26,085** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **429,377** children 0-18 were enrolled in New MexiKids/MexiTeens (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$7,802** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **33 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Hispanic and **61 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Hispanic and **65 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **61 percent** of Black, **67 percent** of Hispanic and **74 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **17 percent** of Black, **15 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **8,701** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **2,610** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **363** children were in residential placement in 2015. **7 percent** were Black; **74 percent** were Hispanic; and **14 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **31** children and teens (5.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NEW YORK

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **4,180,559** children lived in New York in 2016.
- **52 percent** were children of color: 15 percent were Black; 25 percent were Hispanic; 8 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **21 percent** of New York's children were poor in 2016–a total of **847,288** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **29 percent** of Black, **32 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **22 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$91,900** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$43,200** for Black and **$38,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **118,435** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.9 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **32 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **24 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **72 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **101,066** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **2,915,972** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and Child Health Plus (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$14,144** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **50 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **82 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **51 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **83 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **67 percent** of Black, **66 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **18 percent** of Black, **9 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **66,676** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **19,702** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,386** children were in residential placement in 2015. **52 percent** were Black; **16 percent** were Hispanic; and **28 percent** were White.
- **89** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **72** children and teens (1.5 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NORTH CAROLINA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **2,298,720** children lived in North Carolina in 2016.
- **47 percent** were children of color: 23 percent were Black; 16 percent were Hispanic; 3 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **22 percent** of North Carolina's children were poor in 2016–a total of **489,553** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **34 percent** of Black, **36 percent** of Hispanic and **12 percent** of White children were poor.
- **9 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **24 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$73,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$33,400** for Black and **$31,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **26,613** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **29 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **102,232** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,391,358** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and Health Choice for Children (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,254** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **22 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **77 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **49 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **87 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **60 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **88 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **25 percent** of Black, **12 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **7,857** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **10,425** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **468** children were in residential placement in 2015. **67 percent** were Black; **7 percent** were Hispanic; and **21 percent** were White.
- **72** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **83** children and teens (3.2 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

NORTH DAKOTA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **176,311** children lived in North Dakota in 2016.
- **23 percent** were children of color: 4 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and 8 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **12 percent** of North Dakota's children were poor in 2016–a total of **21,210** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **57 percent** of Black, **17 percent** of Hispanic and **6 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **14 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$85,000** was the median income for White families with children in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **2,715** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.3 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **9 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **37 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **13 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **90 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **13,624** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **66,480** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and Healthy Steps (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$8,431** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **79 percent** of Black, **85 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **63 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **76 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **91 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **5 percent** of Black, **4 percent** of Hispanic and **2 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,760** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,407** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **144** children were in residential placement in 2015. **13 percent** were Black; **4 percent** were Hispanic; and **54 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

OHIO

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **2,612,172** children lived in Ohio in 2016.
- **28 percent** were children of color: 15 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **21 percent** of Ohio's children were poor in 2016–a total of **524,660** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **45 percent** of Black, **33 percent** of Hispanic and **14 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **24 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$71,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$25,200** for Black and **$34,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **27,939** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.8 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **22 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **33 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **25 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **94,553** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,564,269** children 0-18 were enrolled in HealthyStart (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$8,985** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **8 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **84 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **86 percent** of Black, **74 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **60 percent** of Black, **70 percent** of Hispanic and **86 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **26 percent** of Black, **12 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **23,006** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **13,725** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **2,163** children were in residential placement in 2015. **50 percent** were Black; **3 percent** were Hispanic; and **42 percent** were White.
- **29** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **121** children and teens (4.1 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

OKLAHOMA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **961,628** children lived in Oklahoma in 2016.
- **46 percent** were children of color: 8 percent were Black; 17 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and 10 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **23 percent** of Oklahoma's children were poor in 2016–a total of **216,713** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **43 percent** of Black, **34 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **25 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$63,900** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$29,100** for Black and **$38,400** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **26,979** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **34 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **26 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **95 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **70,089** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **719,185** children 0-18 were enrolled in SoonerCare (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$6,572** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **74 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **63 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **91 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **65 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **84 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **22 percent** of Black, **15 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **14,449** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **10,047** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **552** children were in residential placement in 2015. **40 percent** were Black; **8 percent** were Hispanic; and **39 percent** were White.
- **9** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **50** children and teens (4.7 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

OREGON

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **868,727** children lived in Oregon in 2016.
- **36 percent** were children of color: 2 percent were Black; 22 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **17 percent** of Oregon's children were poor in 2016–a total of **144,361** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **32 percent** of Black, **31 percent** of Hispanic and **12 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **18 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$71,000** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$24,900** for Black and **$39,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **22,637** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.9 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **23 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **20 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **30 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **85 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **28,600** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **608,543** children 0-18 were enrolled in Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid) and Healthy Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,964** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **10 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **82 percent** of Hispanic and **60 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **82 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **63 percent** of Black, **67 percent** of Hispanic and **76 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **18 percent** of Black, **10 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **10,428** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **7,625** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,113** children were in residential placement in 2015. **13 percent** were Black; **24 percent** were Hispanic; and **56 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **28** children and teens (2.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

PENNSYLVANIA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **2,674,805** children lived in Pennsylvania in 2016.
- **32 percent** were children of color: 13 percent were Black; 12 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **19 percent** of Pennsylvania's children were poor in 2016–a total of **486,029** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **35 percent** of Black, **39 percent** of Hispanic and **12 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **20 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$80,600** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$31,400** for Black and **$32,000** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **22,014** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.6 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **32 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **26 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **86 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **116,374** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **1,567,184** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$11,978** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **12 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **51 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **87 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **53 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **72 percent** of Black, **70 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **24 percent** of Black, **16 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **3,855** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **16,086** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **2,826** children were in residential placement in 2015. **53 percent** were Black; **14 percent** were Hispanic; and **29 percent** were White.
- **17** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **106** children and teens (3.5 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

RHODE ISLAND

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **208,381** children lived in Rhode Island in 2016.
- **41 percent** were children of color: 7 percent were Black; 25 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **17 percent** of Rhode Island's children were poor in 2016–a total of **35,106** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **25 percent** of Black, **27 percent** of Hispanic and **11 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **18 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$87,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$35,200** for Black and **$36,800** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **1,004** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **36 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **29 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **81 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **3,999** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **139,400** children 0-18 were enrolled in RIte Care (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$12,882** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **5 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **73 percent** of Black, **80 percent** of Hispanic and **50 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **85 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **76 percent** of Hispanic and **87 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **24 percent** of Black, **21 percent** of Hispanic and **11 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **3,183** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,654** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **198** children were in residential placement in 2015. **30 percent** were Black; **32 percent** were Hispanic; and **32 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

SOUTH CAROLINA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,097,621** children lived in South Carolina in 2016.
- **45 percent** were children of color: 30 percent were Black; 9 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **23 percent** of South Carolina's children were poor in 2016–a total of **248,595** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **37 percent** of Black, **37 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White children were poor.
- **12 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **25 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$70,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$31,100** for Black and **$37,400** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **13,353** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **21 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **33 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **32 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **81 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **43,703** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **714,260** children 0-18 were enrolled in Partners for Healthy Children (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$6,483** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **40 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **79 percent** of Hispanic and **54 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **89 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **83 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **26 percent** of Black, **13 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **14,856** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **3,968** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **693** children were in residential placement in 2015. **48 percent** were Black; **16 percent** were Hispanic; and **32 percent** were White.
- **29** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **56** children and teens (4.6 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

SOUTH DAKOTA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **213,287** children lived in South Dakota in 2016.
- **28 percent** were children of color: 3 percent were Black; 6 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and 13 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **17 percent** of South Dakota's children were poor in 2016–a total of **35,460** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **30 percent** of Black, **33 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **19 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$71,500** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$40,300** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **2,156** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.6 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **18 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **31 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **21 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **84 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **9,545** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **98,339** children 0-18 were enrolled in South Dakota Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$6,143** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **85 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **59 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **77 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **72 percent** of Black, **70 percent** of Hispanic and **90 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **13 percent** of Black, **9 percent** of Hispanic and **4 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **1,073** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,416** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **228** children were in residential placement in 2015. **4 percent** were Black; **3 percent** were Hispanic; and **49 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **12** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

TENNESSEE

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,501,795** children lived in Tennessee in 2016.
- **34 percent** were children of color: 19 percent were Black; 9 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **23 percent** of Tennessee's children were poor in 2016–a total of **334,238** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **41 percent** of Black, **36 percent** of Hispanic and **16 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **26 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$62,100** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$31,800** for Black and **$32,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **13,259** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.1 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **21 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **38 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **33 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **88 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **53,037** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **979,832** children 0-18 were enrolled in TennCare (Medicaid) and CoverKids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$8,378** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **22 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **84 percent** of Black, **73 percent** of Hispanic and **61 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **77 percent** of Hispanic and **62 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **84 percent** of Hispanic and **91 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **29 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **11,362** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **8,333** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **660** children were in residential placement in 2015. **41 percent** were Black; **9 percent** were Hispanic; and **46 percent** were White.
- **7** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **92** children and teens (5.5 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

TEXAS

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **7,294,587** children lived in Texas in 2016.
- **68 percent** were children of color: 12 percent were Black; 49 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **22 percent** of Texas's children were poor in 2016–a total of **1,619,026** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **29 percent** of Black, **31 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White children were poor.
- **10 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **24 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$90,800** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$42,000** for Black and **$41,300** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **113,063** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.5 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **24 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **33 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **27 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **92 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **670,822** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **4,610,610** children 0-18 were enrolled in Children's Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$9,207** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **49 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **83 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **50 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **85 percent** of Black, **87 percent** of Hispanic and **93 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **20 percent** of Black, **9 percent** of Hispanic and **4 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **63,781** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **30,738** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **4,299** children were in residential placement in 2015. **34 percent** were Black; **44 percent** were Hispanic; and **21 percent** were White.
- **48** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **233** children and teens (2.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

UTAH

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **921,773** children lived in Utah in 2016.
- **26 percent** were children of color: 1 percent were Black; 17 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **11 percent** of Utah's children were poor in 2016–a total of **100,801** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **49 percent** of Black, **20 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White children were poor.
- **5 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **13 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$77,200** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$36,700** for Black and **$44,600** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **14,999** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.3 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **16 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **19 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **12 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **84 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **53,600** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **311,961** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$9,183** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **81 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Hispanic and **57 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **70 percent** of Black, **74 percent** of Hispanic and **87 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **11 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **3 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **9,569** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **2,838** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **453** children were in residential placement in 2015. **9 percent** were Black; **34 percent** were Hispanic; and **50 percent** were White.
- **1** child was in an adult jail or prison in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **39** children and teens (3.9 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

VERMONT

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **118,528** children lived in Vermont in 2016.
- **11 percent** were children of color: 2 percent were Black; 3 percent were Hispanic; 2 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **15 percent** of Vermont's children were poor in 2016–a total of **17,167** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **17 percent** of Black, **18 percent** of Hispanic and **15 percent** of White children were poor.
- **8 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **18 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$76,000** was the median income for White families with children compared in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **1,124** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **16 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **22 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **23 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **67 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **1,858** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **82,203** children 0-18 were enrolled in Dr. Dynasaur (combined Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,513** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **67 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **55 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **56 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **81 percent** of Black, **82 percent** of Hispanic and **89 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **9 percent** of Black, **7 percent** of Hispanic and **8 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **921** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **1,323** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **27** children were in residential placement in 2015. **11 percent** were Black and **89 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **<10** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

VIRGINIA

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,870,123** children lived in Virginia in 2016.
- **46 percent** were children of color: 20 percent were Black; 13 percent were Hispanic; 7 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Virginia's children were poor in 2016–a total of **261,817** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **28 percent** of Black, **22 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **15 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$91,400** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$44,700** for Black and **$54,100** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **17,876** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **3.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **14 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **19 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **86 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **89,012** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **844,409** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$12,220** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **18 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **81 percent** of Black, **68 percent** of Hispanic and **48 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **84 percent** of Black, **75 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **79 percent** of Black, **76 percent** of Hispanic and **90 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **21 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **6,112** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **4,890** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **1,227** children were in residential placement in 2015. **62 percent** were Black; **11 percent** were Hispanic; and **24 percent** were White.
- **6** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **72** children and teens (3.4 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

WASHINGTON

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,629,498** children lived in Washington in 2016.
- **43 percent** were children of color: 4 percent were Black; 21 percent were Hispanic; 7 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **14 percent** of Washington's children were poor in 2016–a total of **219,668** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **36 percent** of Black, **24 percent** of Hispanic and **9 percent** of White children were poor.
- **6 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **14 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$81,100** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$49,600** for Black and **$40,800** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **35,511** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.1 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **19 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **26 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **24 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **90 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **41,436** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **896,929** children 0-18 were enrolled in Apple Health (Medicaid) and Apple Health for Kids (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$13,110** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **9 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **75 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **51 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **78 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **69 percent** of Black, **70 percent** of Hispanic and **81 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **19 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **7 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **5,894** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **10,959** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **921** children were in residential placement in 2015. **22 percent** were Black; **20 percent** were Hispanic; and **43 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **67** children and teens (3.8 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

WEST VIRGINIA

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **375,068** children lived in West Virginia in 2016.
- **11 percent** were children of color: 4 percent were Black; 2 percent were Hispanic; <1 percent were Asian; and <1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **24 percent** of West Virginia's children were poor in 2016–a total of **88,351** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **43 percent** of Black, **29 percent** of Hispanic and **23 percent** of White children were poor.
- **11 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **28 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$55,100** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$26,800** for Black families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **7,955** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **1.7 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **21 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **35 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **34 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **91 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **7,783** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **291,734** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Early Childhood

- **$8,580** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **66 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **79 percent** of Black and **70 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **80 percent** of Black and **73 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **83 percent** of Black, **83 percent** of Hispanic and **87 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **27 percent** of Black, **12 percent** of Hispanic and **13 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **4,857** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **5,973** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **567** children were in residential placement in 2015. **8 percent** were Black; **2 percent** were Hispanic; and **84 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **13** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

WISCONSIN

2017 Factsheet

Child Population

- **1,287,693** children lived in Wisconsin in 2016.
- **29 percent** were children of color: 9 percent were Black; 12 percent were Hispanic; 4 percent were Asian; and 1 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **16 percent** of Wisconsin's children were poor in 2016–a total of **198,480** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **43 percent** of Black, **28 percent** of Hispanic and **10 percent** of White children were poor.
- **7 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **19 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$79,400** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$26,700** for Black and **$35,800** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **18,366** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **30 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **23 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **86 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **45,408** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **712,697** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and BadgerCare Plus (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$11,750** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.
- **71 percent** of 4-year-olds were enrolled in state-funded preschool during 2015-2016.

Education

- **89 percent** of Black, **81 percent** of Hispanic and **56 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **90 percent** of Black, **76 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **64 percent** of Black, **78 percent** of Hispanic and **93 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **34 percent** of Black, **11 percent** of Hispanic and **4 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **4,840** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **7,382** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **762** children were in residential placement in 2015. **56 percent** were Black; **9 percent** were Hispanic; and **28 percent** were White.
- **37** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **45** children and teens (3.1 per 100,000) were killed with a gun in 2015.

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The State of America's Children® in

WYOMING

2017 Factsheet

Children's Defense Fund

Child Population

- **138,901** children lived in Wyoming in 2016.
- **22 percent** were children of color: 1 percent were Black; 15 percent were Hispanic; 1 percent were Asian; and 3 percent were American Indian/Alaska Native.

Child Poverty

- **11 percent** of Wyoming's children were poor in 2016–a total of **15,367** children–and children of color were disproportionately poor.
- **15 percent** of Hispanic and **<1 percent** of White children were poor.
- **4 percent** of children were extremely poor (their family had income at less than half the poverty level).
- **12 percent** of children under 6 were poor.

Income and Wealth Inequality

- **$77,000** was the median income for White families with children compared with **$45,200** for Hispanic families in 2015.

Housing and Homelessness

- **1,556** homeless children were enrolled in public schools during 2014-2015.
- **2.2 full-time jobs** at minimum wage were needed for a family to afford a two-bedroom rental unit at fair market rent in 2016.

Child Hunger and Nutrition

- **17 percent** of children lived in food-insecure households in 2015.
- **27 percent** of children 10-17 were overweight or obese in 2016.
- **11 percent** relied on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) in FY2015.
- **83 percent** of children receiving free or reduced-price lunch during the school year did not participate in Summer Nutrition Programs in 2016.

Child Health

- **12,328** children 0-17 were uninsured in 2016.
- **54,565** children 0-18 were enrolled in Medicaid and KidCare CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program).

Early Childhood

- **$9,110** was the average annual cost for an infant in center-based child care in 2015.

Education

- **73 percent** of Hispanic and **55 percent** of White 4th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **76 percent** of Hispanic and **61 percent** of White 8th grade public school students could not read at grade level in 2015.
- **68 percent** of Black, **72 percent** of Hispanic and **82 percent** of White students graduated high school on time during 2014-2015.
- **12 percent** of Black, **8 percent** of Hispanic and **5 percent** of White public secondary students had at least one out-of-school suspension in 2011-2012.

Child Welfare

- **968** children were abused or neglected in 2015.
- **993** children were in foster care on the last day of FY2016.

Juvenile Justice

- **177** children were in residential placement in 2015. **7 percent** were Black; **14 percent** were Hispanic; and **66 percent** were White.
- **0** children were in adult jails or prisons in 2015.

Gun Violence

- **11** children and teens were killed with a gun in 2015.

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Children's Defense Fund

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